

# Algebra I

## 3-4

(Day 2)

## Solving Equations

Solve -

$$\begin{aligned} 31) \quad \frac{1}{3}(12 - 6x) &= 4 - 2x \\ 4 - 2x &= 4 - 2x \\ 4 - 2x + 2x &= 4 - 2x + 2x \\ 4 &= 4 \\ \text{True!} \\ \mathbb{R} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 47) \quad & 5(2m+3) - (1-2m) = 2[3(3+2m) - (3-m)] \\
 & \underline{10m} + \underline{15} - \underline{1} + \underline{2m} = 2[\underline{9} + \underline{6m} - \underline{3} + \underline{m}] \\
 & 12m + 14 = 2[6 + 7m] \\
 & 12m + 14 = 12 + 14m \\
 & 12m - 12m + 14 = 12 + 14m - 12m \\
 & 14 = 12 + 2m \\
 & 14 - 12 = 12 - 12 + 2m \\
 \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \right\} & \quad \frac{2}{2} = \frac{2m}{2} \\
 & 1 = m
 \end{aligned}$$

Assignment:  
 The Classic, 3-5  
 pg. 118  
 32-48 all